

Just Livestock Transition and Meat Reduction

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World Animal Protection ANIA PROTECTION







A Work Animals Live free from Cruelty and Suffering

MissimalsProtect Animals

World Animal Protection





- 1 Australia
- 2 Brazil
- 3 Canada
- **4 Costa Rica** AAWC 2023

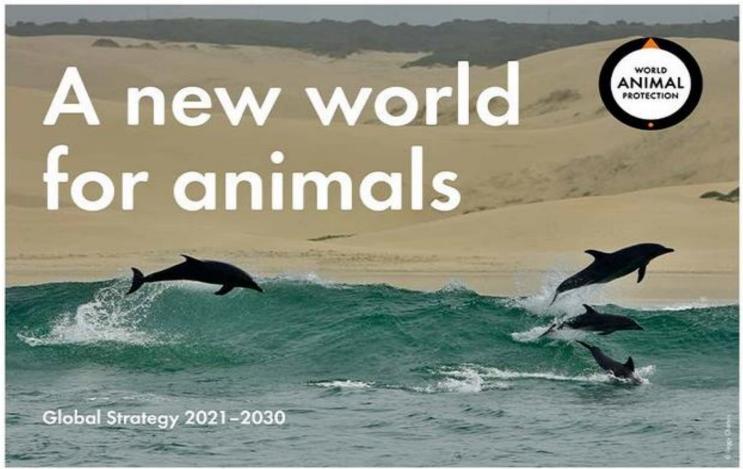
- 5 China
- 6 Denmark
- 7 India
- 8 Kenya

- 9 Netherlands10New Zealand11Sweden
- 12Thailand

13UK 14USA

Global Strategy 2021-2030





Report: https://www.worldanimalprotection.or.ke/news/new-world-animals

OUR STRATEGIC VISION





© Tree To

WORLD
ANIMAL
PROTECTION

GOAL 1

ENSURE FARMED ANIMALS
LIVE GOOD LIVES BY
TRANSFORMING THE GLOBAL
FOOD SYSTEM

GOAL 2

STOP WILD ANIMALS BEING
CRUELLY EXPLOITED AS
COMMODITIES BY CHANGING
THE SYSTEMS THAT ALLOW IT

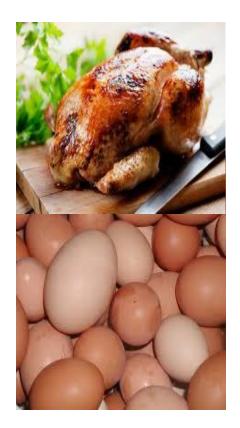
Intensive Livestock Production



Key Trends

- ☐ Growth in African Population from 1.2 billion (2015) to 2.4 billion (2050) (2015 Global human population)
- ☐ Growing population, urbanization and increasing economic prosperity driving greater demand for animal products
- □ Per Capita annual consumption of meat and milk to double by 2050 (Milk from 30 to 64 liters, Meat from 14 to 26 Kgs)
- ☐ Intensification of Africa's livestock system is happening at unprecedented pace & scale





Meat Production & Consumption

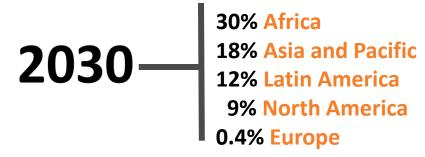


☐ Current Production (2018)

80 billion animals consumed globally

- √ 69 billion chicken
- ✓ 1.5 billion pigs
- √574 million sheep
- ✓ 479 million goats
- √302 million cattle

Projected meat consumption growth by:



Projected meat production growth by:

2030 1





13.1%



17.8%



15.7%

Impact of Intensive Livestock System





Effects on public health



Biodiversity loss and pollution



Causes suffering to billions of animals



Undermines food security



Drives climate change

Animal Welfare Impacts

- Intensive Livestock Production Systems involves high throughput animal husbandry system with many animals of the same genetics confined in a unit under very controlled conditions.
- ☐Animal welfare and Sentience not recognized.
- ☐ Poor Animal Welfare Standards¹
- □Goal Minimize costs and maximize profit, to quickly

produce large supplies of products

□Not sustainable

- Deforestation²
- Antibiotic Resistance^{3, 4}
- Zoonotic diseases⁵
- Environmental Contamination⁶

(Waste management)



Impact of Intensive Livestock System



- ☐ High animal-based food consumption, detrimental to human health & increases public health costs^{1,2}
- □ Excessive meat
 consumption is One of
 Four leading risk factors to
 Chronic illness³
- 677.6 million obese

- □Zoonotic conditions responsible for 2.5 billion cases of human illness and 2.7 million deaths annually⁵
- □1.27 million people die annually due to drug-resistant diseases⁶
- □73% of all antibiotics used in livestock sector⁷

Impact of Intensive Livestock System



- ☐ Largest climate change & Environmental impact due to Animal Feeds production
- □ Livestock production contributes at least 14.5% of all greenhouse gas emissions¹
- ☐ Significant methane and ammonia emissions²

- □Soil degradation, aquatic habitat destruction, air pollution, water contamination and biodiversity loss³
- Waste Management
- ☐Tropical deforestation⁴



Food lies at the heart of human, ecosystem, and animal health and wellbeing.

Our health and well-being are affected by our food systems – the way we grow, harvest, process, transport, market, consume and dispose of food – through multiple, interrelated pathways. Today, our food systems are making us ill, driving climate change and undermining the health of ecosystems and the essential services on which our health and well-being depend.

Just Livestock Transition



Introduction

- ☐ Using land to grow crops to feed animals that will become our food = Highly inefficient and destructive
 - For every 100 calories of crops fed to farm animals = only 17-30 calories reach humans
 - Meat and Dairy provide only 18% of overall calories and 37% of proteins for humans but use 83% of farmland

■ Solutions

- Resize the livestock industry
- ✓ Shift towards Humane, Sustainable, Regenerative and Agroecological farming systems
- ✓ Adoption of higher farm animal welfare standards
- ✓ AA Ensuring Just Transition principles are applied to enable this transformation

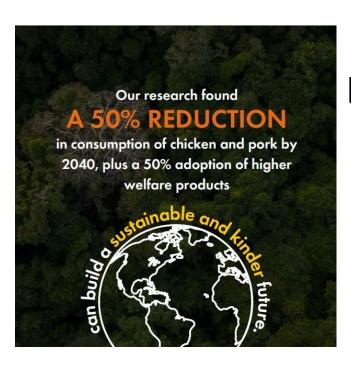
Just Livestock Transition Benefits



- ☐ Growing food exclusively for direct human consumption
 - increases available food calories by 70%, feeding an additional four billion people¹
- ☐ Transition towards plant-rich diets
 - free up 75% of agricultural land², which could be used for food production, conservation, reforestation, ecosystem restoration and other essential purposes to mitigate and adapt to climate change³
- Moving towards diets WHO 'healthy diets'⁴ or EAT Lancet Commission 'planetary health diets'⁵
 - \triangleright avoid 5.1 million deaths per year by 2050^{6,7}

What Can You Do





- □ Consumers (People) Choose to "Eat Less and Better Meat"
- ☐ Join our call on Governments to stop approving Factory farms by imposing a moratorium on intensive farming within **National Climate actions** (Nationally Determined Contributions) in recognition of intensive farming's climate imnact

What is "Better Meat"



■ FARMS

- Meat produced in Higher Welfare Production System where animal sentience and animal welfare freedoms, standards and policies are adhered to
- ☐ Food companies should endeavor to meet the Farm Animal Responsible

 Minimum Standards (FARMS) on animal welfare requirements for production or procurement as a minimum

What Can You Do



- □ Support our campaign for Industry to

INITIATIVE

- ✓ End deforestation in animal feed sourcing,
- ✓ Halve production of animal protein by 2040, and
- ✓ Phase out sourcing of monocrops like soya as feed for farmed animals (from 2030).



